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         37558 L2 AND (PARTICULATE# OR PARTICLE#)
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(carboxymethyl starch) or (carboxymethyl dextran) or (chondroitin sulfate) or
(cationic starch))
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L8 ANSWER 1 OF 3 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:283649 USPATFULL

TITLE: Resorption-controllable medical implants

INVENTOR(S): Gellman, Barry N., North Easton, MA, UNITED STATES

Li, Jianmin, Lexington, MA, UNITED STATES

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Scimed Life Systems, Inc., Maple Grove, MN (U.S.

corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE

PATENT INFORMATION: US 2003199993 A1 20031023 APPLICATION INFO.: US 2002-128214 A1 20020423 (10)

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility

FILE SEGMENT: APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: TESTA, HURWITZ & THIBEAULT, LLP, HIGH STREET TOWER, 125

HIGH STREET, BOSTON, MA, 02110

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 20 EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 7 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT: 837

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

Bioresorbable medical implants are designed to have different resorption rates over time or over the topography of the implants. The resorption of the medical implants are controlled by including layers having differing resorption rates. The layers resorb sequentially over time through sequential exposure to body fluids. A resorption-controllable medical implant includes a series of two or more layers. The first layer includes a first bioresorbable material. The second layer includes a second bioresorbable material and resorbable particles of a first kind dispersed within the second bioresorbable material. Additional layers of bioresorbable material alone or including resorbable particles may be added to slow or speed resorption and achieve desired control over the resorption of the

implant. Resorbable particles can be added in differing amounts or kinds in various segments of the implant to provide topographically differing resorption rates.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L8 ANSWER 2 OF 3 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:257201 USPATFULL

TITLE: Medical technical product, method for producing the

same and providing the same for surgery

INVENTOR(S): Friedrich, Volker, Tuttlingen, GERMANY, FEDERAL

REPUBLIC OF

Odermatt, Erich K, Schaffhausen, SWITZERLAND

Weis, Christine, Tuttlingen, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC

OF

NUMBER DATE

PRIORITY INFORMATION: DE 2000-10037601 20000802 DE 2001-117099 20010406

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility
FILE SEGMENT: APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: NATH & ASSOCIATES, 1030 15th STREET, 6TH FLOOR,

WASHINGTON, DC, 20005

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 47

EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1
LINE COUNT: 890

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB A medicotechnical product for adhesion prophylaxis for the post-operative prevention of accretions in the body comprises at least one PVA (polyvinyl alcohol) selected from the group comprising uncrosslinked PVA with a molecular weight of 15,000 to 400,000, crosslinked PVA and mixtures thereof. The molecular weight of the PVA or the mixture is selected in such a way that it can be excreted via the kidneys substantially with no degradation of the PVA molecules.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L8 ANSWER 3 OF 3 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:252192 USPATFULL

TITLE: Controlling resorption of bioresorbable

medical implant material

INVENTOR(S): Li, Jianmin, Lexington, MA, UNITED STATES

Baldwin, Samuel, Newton, MA, UNITED STATES

Harrah, Tim, Newton, MA, UNITED STATES

FILE SEGMENT: APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: TESTA, HURWITZ & THIBEAULT, LLP, HIGH STREET TOWER, 125

HIGH STREET, BOSTON, MA, 02110

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 45 EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 6 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT: 899

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The resorption of a medical implant can be controlled with the use of particles embedded in a resorbable bulk material forming the implant or portion thereof. The implant can be removed from a body of a mammal by natural biological mechanisms after use. The resorption of the implant can involve swelling and/or hydrolyzing of the particles within the implant upon contact with a body fluid such that porosity and flow of fluid within the bulk material of the implant is increased. Resorption of the implant may also involve the use of particles with magnetic properties embedded within the implant such that an applied magnetic field causes the particles to vibrate within the bulk material thereby increasing the porosity and thus the flow of fluid, hence facilitating resorption of the implant. The resorption rate of the implant can be controlled by modulating swelling, hydrolysis, or movement of the embedded particles.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.